

# Universal Hybrid Analog-Digital Voltage Regulator Operation Manual



Self Excited 5 Amp Analog / Digital Voltage Regulator For shunt and auxiliary windings generators With over-excitation and lost of sensing protection





# **SECTION 1 : SUMMARY**

The ADVR-053 is an advance (Hybrid Analog / Digital Voltage Regulator) design for general-purpose isochronous stand alone applications. The ADVR-053 uses an extremely reliable CPU (Central Processing Unit) in its design. This eliminates complex analogue components and circuits that are inherently over sensitive to temperature anomalies, as a result eliminating voltage instability and drift. In addition, we

# **SECTION 2 : SPECIFICATION**

#### **Sensing Input**

Voltage	170 – 520 Vac, 1 phase 2 wires
Frequency	50/60 Hz, DIP switch setting

#### **Power Input**

Voltage 100 – 300 Vac, 1 phase 2 wires

#### **Excitation Output**

Voltage	Max. 63 Vdc @ power input 220 Vac
Current	Continuous 5A
	Intermittent 7A for 10 secs.
Resistance	Min. 15 ohms, Max. 100 ohms
Fuse Spec.	Slow blow 5 x 20mm S505-5A / 250V

#### **External Voltage Adjustment**

Max. +/- 7% @ 1K ohm 1 watt potentiometer

#### **Voltage Regulation**

Less than +/- 0.5% ( with 4% engine governing )

#### **Build Up Voltage**

5 Vac residual volts at power input terminal

#### Soft Start Ramp Time

3 secs. +/- 10%

#### **EMI Suppression**

Internal electromagnetic interference filtering

added over excitation and loss of sensing shutdown protections, with matching U/F, O/E LED indicator lights. Consequently, this AVR prevents the generator from excitation overload, with its resulting exciter and regulator damage. It is easy to install and flexible for use in both shunt type and generators with auxiliary windings.

#### **Static Power Dissipation**

Max.8 watts

#### **Under Frequency Protection (Factory Presets)**

50 Hz system presets knee point at 45 Hz 60 Hz system presets knee point at 55 Hz

#### **Over Excitation Protection**

Set point 78 Vdc +/- 5% @ power input 220 Vac Time delay 5 secs. This function can be turned off.

#### **Voltage Thermal Drift**

Less than 3% at temperature range -40 to +70 °C

#### Environment

Operating Temperature	-40 to +70 °C
Storage Temperature	-40 to +85 °C
Relative Humidity	Max. 95%
Vibration	3 Gs @ 100 – 2K Hz

#### Dimensions

107.0 (L) x 75.0 (W) x 48.5 (H) mm

#### Weight

220 g +/- 2%

# **SECTION 3 : WIRING**

#### 3.1 A to C : Sensing Input

- 3.1.1 DIP SW-2 is switch ON, voltage sensing range from 170 260 Vac (See Figure 3 & 4)
- 3.1.2 DIP SW-2 is switch OFF, voltage sensing range from 340 520 Vac (See Figure 5)

#### 3.2 B to C : Power Input

Power Input terminals from B to either C use 100 to 300 Vac shunt or auxiliary windings.

#### 3.3 Power Input Voltage Selection

If generator rated voltage is 220 Vac (Line to line phase voltage), the power input B, C and sensing input A, C can be joined (See Figure 4) or separately (See Figure 3).

#### 3.4 F+, F-: Connect generator field wires

- 3.4.1 F+ and F- are the positive and negative excitation output terminals.
- 3.4.2 EXT.VR is the connections for the external voltage adjustment. Use a (1K ohm 1W) rheostat when not in use, keep terminals shorted.
- Always use high quality connection wire AWG16 or 1.25mm<sup>2</sup> 85-degrees C, 600V to connection terminals A, B, C, F+ and F-.

# **SECTION 4 : DIP SWITCH SETTING**

#### 4.1 SW-1 Frequency

- 4.1.1 DIP SW-1 switch ON, for use in 50 Hz
- 4.1.2 DIP SW-1 switch OFF, for use in 60 Hz

#### 4.2 SW-2 Sensing Voltage Selection

- 4.2.1 DIP SW-2 switch ON, input voltage 170 260 Vac.
- 4.2.2 DIP SW-2 switch OFF, input voltage 340 520 Vac.

#### 4.3 SW-3 Activate Over-Excitation Protection

- 4.3.1 DIP SW-3 switch ON, Over Excitation Protection Disabled. If over excitation occurs, the O/E LED turns-on, but the ADVR will not shutdown and protect.
- 4.3.2 DIP SW-3 switch OFF. Over Excitation Protection activated. If over excitation occurs, the O/E LED turns-on and the ADVR will shutdown excitation.

# **SECTION 5 : SYSTEM PROTECTION**

#### 5.1 Under Frequency Protection (Roll off)

- 5.1.1 To prevent over excitation, if the generator runs at the wrong speed the ADVR activates the under frequency protection and decreases field excitation.
- 5.1.2 Dip switch 1 together with the U/F adjustment, sets the Knee-Point frequency were this activation takes place. This adjustment is already factory preset.

5.1.3 When engine frequency falls under the Knee-Point frequency setting, the U/F protection indication LED turn on. However, when the Generator frequency is higher than the Knee-Point frequency the LED turns off.

#### 5.2 Over Excitation Protection

- 5.2.1 If you are using a standard AVR and you overload the generator or the sensing wires get disconnected (on a auxiliary powered AVR), the excitation voltage rapidly increase, causing severe damage to the AVR or exciter. The ADVR-053 has over excitation protection shutdown that cuts excitation at once.
- 5.2.2 When over excitation protection is activated and the excitation voltage exceeds 78 +/- 5 Vdc @ 220V for over 5 seconds, the AVR immediately shutdown the excitation output, leaving only the residual voltage output and turning on the O/E shutdown LED. To reset, the engine must come to a complete stop for at least 10 seconds and then restarted.
- 5.2.3 If over excitation protection is disabled, the warning LED indication turn on, but the excitation output is not disconnected.

# **SECTION 6 : ADJUSTMENT**

#### 6.1 VOLT : Voltage Adjustment

- 6.1.1 DIP SW-2 switch ON, input voltage 170 260 Vac.
- 6.1.2 DIP SW-2 switch OFF, input voltage 340 520 Vac.

#### 6.2 STAB : Stability Adjustment

6.2.1 careful adjust the STAB (Stability) adjustment, improves the AVR and generator feedback time to improve voltage stability.

#### 6.3 U/F : Setting the under-frequency knee point

- 6.3.1 DIP SW-1 set to ON, set for 50 Hz operation.
- 6.3.2 U/F adjustment range at 50 Hz is from 40 50 Hz (Factory preset @ 45 Hz).
- 6.3.3 DIP SW-1 set on OFF, set for 60 Hz operation.
- 6.3.4 U/F adjustment range at 60 Hz is from 50 60 Hz (Factory preset @ 55 Hz).

# **SECTION 7 : STARTUP ADJUSTMENT**

#### 7.1 Voltage Adjustment (VOLT)

Set VOLT and STAB full CCW. Start generator and wait until it reaches rated frequency. Slowly adjust VOLT CW to its rated voltage. If you are using an external VR, set it first to its center position before setting volts.

#### 7.2 Stability Adjustment (STAB)

If the generator voltage oscillates back and forth, adjust the STAB to steady the output voltage. Over adjustment, CW may give you large voltage swings when changing loads, Use an analog type voltmeter when setting STAB. Connect the voltmeter to terminals F+ and F- and slowly adjust STAB for minimum needle movement when varying load.

#### 7.3 Under Frequency Adjustment (U/F)

To adjust the U/F setting, select working Hz using DIP SW 1, start the engine and adjust engine speed to either 55 Hz or 45 Hz slow adjust U/F until the red U/F LED turns ON. Returning the engine speed back to normal turns the LED light off.

# **SECTION 8 : FIELD FLASHING**

When the regulator is installed correctly but the generator is failed to generate power. Besides carbon brushes were worn out, here are two possible causes below.

#### 8.1 The polarity of field is inverse

Solution : Exchange the connection of F+ and F-.

- 8.2 The residual voltage is less than 5 Vac, Solution 1 :
- 8.2.1 Shut down generator, disconnect the wiring between AVR and generator then flash the field. Flashing duration = 3 seconds. (See wiring in Figure 1)

Resistor 3 – 5 ohms for full wave AVR

Resistor 5 – 10 ohms for half wave AVR

# Warning!! Over field flashing may damage the field winding of generator.

8.2.2 Restart generator and measure the residual voltage by AC Voltmeter, if it is still less than 5 Vac, repeat the previous process, after several times, the residual voltage still cannot be built, Kutai EB500 is strongly recommended, see Figure 1.



Figure 1 Manual Field Flash

#### WARNING

Overly field flashing may damage the AVR or generator excitation winding.

Please make sure you have read and understand the contents of the instruction manual prior to installation. Incorrect wiring connection may result in irreversible damage to the product and other equipments.

# **SECTION 9 : TROUBLE SHOOTING**

SYMPTOM	POSSIBLE CAUSES	SOLUTIONS
Voltage does not build up	Engine under speed	Please refer to generator service manual
	Low residual voltage	Please refer to section 8. Field Flashing
	B, C, F+, F-, Terminal connection not properly connected	Reference from Figure 3 – Figure 5
	Defective generator	Please refer to generator service manual
Blown Fuse	Over excitation current / incorrect wiring	Reference from Figure 3 – Figure 5
Low output voltage	A, C, B, C, Terminal incorrect connection	Reference from Figure 3 – Figure 5
	Defective VR or not properly connected	Check connection and VR
	Under frequency	Please refer to generator service manual
	Incorrect exciter specification	Please refer to generator service manual
	AVR Incorrect voltage selected	Please refer to section 4. DIP Switch setting
Over output voltage	A, C, terminals not properly connected or incorrectly connected	Reference from Figure 3 – Figure 5
	AVR Incorrect voltage selected	Please refer to section 4. DIP Switch setting
Output voltage unstable (Hunting)	「STAB」 Stability incorrectly adjusted	Please refer to section 6. Adjustment

#### ATTENTION

- 1. AVR can be mounted directly on the engine, genset, switchgear, control panel, or any position that will not affect operation. For dimension reference, please see Figure 2.
- 2. All voltage readings are to be taken with an average-reading voltmeter Meggers and high-potential test equipment must not be used. Use of such equipment could damage the AVR.
- 3. Improper setting of under-frequency protection could cause the output voltage of the unit to drop or become unstable under with changes in load. Avoid making any changes to the U/F setting unless necessary.

# SECTION 10 : FIGURE AND SIZE





- % Use only replacement fuses specified in this user manual.
- \* Appearance and specifications of products are subject to change for improvement without prior notice.